



Dear AAUW Action Fund advocates,

oliticians and policy makers routinely make decisions about issues that directly affect women and families. The 115th Congress saw legislative victories and defeats on issues impacting women and girls, ranging from attacks on Title IX and defunding Planned Parenthood to bipartisan legislation increasing women's and girls' access to science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM). To create real change, women must be part of the conversation, and one of the most powerful places for us to chime in is at the polls.

The AAUW Action Fund Congressional Voting Record serves as an accountability tool inside and outside of Washington, D.C. for AAUW members and supporters, providing information about how elected federal legislators vote on critical issues.

AAUW and its members and supporters have a long history of lobbying Congress and holding legislators accountable for how they vote on AAUW priorities. We've utilized various AAUW and AAUW Action Fund advocacy tools, including the Congressional Voting Record, to remind members of Congress that women are paying attention and will hold candidates' feet to the fire for their actions—or inactions—on issues important to women and their families.

The AAUW Action Fund It's My Vote: I Will Be Heard campaign harnesses the power of our advocates to increase voter registration and turnout among young women voters, in turn fostering a generation in establishing lifelong voting habits. Using this Congressional Voting Record is a powerful way to ensure that elected officials are held accountable—before and after the election—on critical policy issues for women and families. The voting record will be used alongside our voter education resources to promote get-out-the-vote efforts such as issue forums, town halls, candidate debates, and local events in communities and on college campuses. These programs and resources help AAUW and AAUW Action Fund members and supporters educate local communities on important issues and policy makers' records, and they demonstrate—particularly to women voters—what's at stake as they head to the polls.

Candidates and public officials must understand they need to speak to and act on issues important to women because they will be held accountable. We hope you raise your voice and join us in the fight for gender equity, not just on Election Day, but year-round.

Sincerely.

Julia Brown

Chair, Board of Directors

Kimberly Churches Chief Executive Officer

About the Congressional Voting Record

his voting record covers the 115th Congress and is distributed to every member of Congress. Scored legislation was selected on the basis of the AAUW Public Policy Priorities, voted on and adopted by the AAUW membership in June 2017. These priorities include economic security, education, and civil rights.

The voting record lists bill cosponsorships and roll call votes officially recorded on the floor of the U.S. Senate or the U.S. House of Representatives. The voting record is neither an endorsement nor a condemnation of any member of Congress.

As a result of her or his votes and cosponsorships, each legislator earns a percentage rating for her or his support of AAUW priorities. This rating does not indicate the full extent of a legislator's support of or opposition to AAUW positions.

A vote in accordance with AAUW's position is designated by a +. A vote contrary to AAUW's position is designated by a -. A blank indicates that no vote was cast.

AAUW also scores legislators based on their cosponsorship of key legislation. Cosponsorship demonstrates a member's commitment to the issue and gives the bill momentum. Scoring cosponsorships is another way to hold policy makers accountable to their constituents. If a member of Congress cosponsors a bill that AAUW supports, it is designated in the vote charts by a +.

An I indicates that the legislator was not in office at the time of the vote or cosponsorship opportunity.

Votes and cosponsorship are given the same weight for scoring purposes in this voting record. A legislator's final score is calculated from the votes and cosponsorships for which she or he was present.

For more information contact the AAUW Action Fund at 202/785-7793 or VoterEd@aauw.org.

VOTE DESCRIPTIONS



SFNATE

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Paycheck Fairness Act (S. 819) (Cosponsorship)

Sen. Patty Murray (D-WA) introduced the Paycheck Fairness Act (S. 819) on April 4, 2017. The Senateintroduced bill, which is a companion to the House legislation by the same name, would provide muchneeded updates to the Equal Pay Act of 1963 by strengthening penalties for equal pay violations; prohibiting retaliation against workers who inquire about employers' wage practices or disclose their wages; banning the use of prior salary history in setting future pay; requiring the EEOC to collect pay data; and providing incentives and technical assistance to employers to help them comply with the law.

As AAUW's research shows, women of every race and ethnicity experience a gender pay gap. In 2017, women working full time in the United States typically were paid just 80 percent of what men were paid, a gap of 20 percent. The gap has narrowed since the 1970s, due largely to women's progress in education and workforce participation and to men's wages rising at a slower rate. But progress has stalled in recent years, closing by less than 5 cents in the 21st century. That is why we need the Paycheck Fairness Act. This bill would arm employees, employers, and the government with new tools to help close the wage gap. The Paycheck Fairness Act provides the much-needed assistance to battle the pervasive pay gap that affects so many women and people of color, which is why we urged Senators to cosponsor the bill.²

Cosponsorship of the bill is designated by a +.

McConnell Amendment to the American Health Care Act of 2017 (S. Amdt. 667 to S. Amdt. 267 to H.R. 1628)

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) is a comprehensive health care reform law enacted in March 2010. The ACA has greatly improved women's access to quality, affordable health care. Since its enactment, millions of Americans, including 55 million women, have access to preventive services without cost sharing.³ More women of reproductive age were also insured as a result of the ACA. The number of uninsured women ages 15 to 44 years old dropped during the first two full years of ACA implementation.4 The ACA has improved women's health and economic security. These positive changes underscore the need for a robust ACA, and AAUW urged members of Congress to oppose any efforts to gut or repeal the law.

Since the enactment of the ACA, the Republican majority in Congress made consistent attempts to repeal the Obama administration's signature legislation. Citing numerous perceived failures of the ACA, the Trump administration also advocated to carry out its signature campaign promise of repealing Obamacare.

During the summer of 2017, the Senate took up debate of the House-passed ACA repeal bill with amendments. This damaging proposal would have led to increases in health insurance costs, covered fewer medical expenses for most Americans, and limited access to health care for millions of women. The proposal would have also defunded Planned Parenthood, resulting in

¹ AAUW, "It's Time to Close the Gender Pay Gap," September 12, 2018, https://www.aauw.org/article/its-time-to-close-the-gender-pay-gap/.

² AAUW, "AAUW Letter to Congress Urging Cosponsorship and Passage of the Paycheck Fairness Act (S. 819/H.R. 1869)," June 7, 2018, https://www.aauw.org/files/2018/06/S819-HR1869-Letter-Urging-Cosponsorship-Passage-of-Paycheck-Fairness-Act-060718-nsa.pdf.

³ Assistant Secretary for Financial Resources (ASFR) Office of Budget (OB), "FY 2017 Budget in Brief - CMS - PHI," HHS.gov, February 12, 2016, https://www.hhs.gov/about/budget/fy2017/budget-in-brief/ cms/private-insurance-programs/index.html.

⁴ Guttmacher Institute, "Dramatic Gains in Insurance Coverage for Women of Reproductive Age Are Now in Jeopardy," January 17, 2018, https://www.guttmacher.org/article/2018/01/dramatic-gainsinsurance-coverage-women-reproductive-age-are-now-jeopardy.

⁵ AAUW, "AAUW Letter Opposing the Health Care Freedom Act," July 28, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/AAUW-Senate-ACA-Repeal-Oppose-Letter-7.27.17-nsa.pdf.

VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

many women losing access to key preventive services, including birth control.⁵ In a dramatic turn of events during a late-night vote, the Senate's attempt to repeal the ACA was rejected (49-51).

A vote for this amendment is designated by a •. First Session Roll Call #179, July 28, 2017

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (H.R. 1)

In fall 2017, the majority in Congress, with the support of the Trump administration, spearheaded legislative efforts to overhaul the tax system. The ensuing legislation would cost \$1.5 trillion over ten years and would benefit corporations and wealthy taxpayers.⁶ AAUW is dedicated to advancing the economic, social, and physical wellbeing of all women and families.⁷ The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act does not address these critical needs.

Under pressure for a legislative victory, Congress rushed to pass a tax reform bill that disproportionately benefited those who need it least by cutting taxes for billionaires and corporations at the expense of middle- and lower-income women and families. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act proposal threatened the economic security of women and families by gutting the ACA, eliminating critical tax benefits for families, decimating state and local revenues, and undermining funding for programs that are essential to the well-being of people and communities across the United States and to our country's economy.⁸ After amending the House-passed bill, Majority Leader McConnell was able to garner enough support to pass the bill by a vote of 51-48. The House then considered and passed the Senate-amended bill, and the President signed it into law.

A vote for this bill is designated by a •. First Session Roll Call #323, December 20, 2017

EDUCATION

Confirmation of Betsy DeVos to Serve as U.S. Secretary of Education

On November 23, 2016, then President-elect Donald Trump announced his nomination of Betsy DeVos to serve as U.S. Secretary of Education. The Michigan native and well-known champion of school choice drew sharp criticism from many education and civil rights groups, including AAUW, for her lack of experience in classrooms or in public schools. Prior to her hearing, AAUW expressed grave concerns regarding DeVos' nomination, noting that she had been conspicuously silent on the importance of Title IX and other civil rights laws and had advocated against public education.⁹

The Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions (HELP) held a hearing to review DeVos' background and qualifications to be Secretary of Education. AAUW believes a full vetting of each Cabinet nominee must include close examination of threshold questions concerning qualifications and temperament. As a result, DeVos' record of opposition to public education and equal opportunity, as well as her failure to adequately address key issues, such as Title IX, during her hearing, demonstrated that she lacked the experience, qualifications, and understanding of education policy necessary to be the nation's Secretary of Education. After strong opposition from advocates, DeVos was confirmed by the Senate in a 51-50 vote, which required a tiebreaking vote by Vice President Mike Pence in favor of DeVos' nomination.

A vote for this nominee is designated by a **-**. *First Session Roll Call #54, February 7, 2017.*

⁵ AAUW, "AAUW Letter Opposing the Health Care Freedom Act," July 28, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/AAUW-Senate-ACA-Repeal-Oppose-Letter-7.27.17-nsa.pdf.

⁶ Chuck Marr, Brendan Duke, and Chye-Ching Huang, "New Tax Law Is Fundamentally Flawed and Will Require Basic Restructuring," Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, April 5, 2018, https://www.cbpp.org/ research/federal-tax/new-tax-law-is-fundamentally-flawed-and-willrequire-basic-restructuring.

⁷ AAUW, "AAUW Public Policy Priorities," June 2017, https://www.aauw.org/resource/principles-and-priorities/.

^{8 &}quot;Letter to Congress Opposing the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," November 29, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/files/2017/11/Sign-On-Letter-from-Womens-Community-Opposing-Tax-Bill-11-29-17-nsa.pdf.

⁹ AAUW, "AAUW Letter to the Senate Opposing the Nomination of Betsy DeVos to Be Secretary of Education," January 31, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/aauw_check/pdf_download/show_pdf.php?file=DeVos-Opposition-Letter.



Confirmation of Kenneth Marcus to Serve as Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education

On October 30, 2017, President Trump nominated Kenneth L. Marcus to serve as Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights (OCR) at the U.S. Department of Education, a position he previously held from 2002 to 2004. Prior to his nomination, Marcus served as president and general counsel of the Louis D. Brandeis Center for Human Rights Under Law in Washington, D.C. After careful review of his testimony as well as previous records, AAUW opposed Marcus' confirmation for his failure to support Title IX and other civil rights laws, as well as his failure to adequately respond to key questions during his Senate confirmation hearing.¹⁰

On December 5, 2017, the U.S. Senate Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions (HELP) Committee held a hearing to examine his background and qualifications. During his hearing, Marcus demonstrated a lack of support for Title IX, its regulations, and its guidance. He refused to commit to any level of transparency regarding investigations of Title IX violations at colleges or universities, and he demonstrated an unwillingness to indicate support for protecting students' civil rights and their ability to access an education free from discrimination. Despite strong opposition from AAUW and civil rights advocates, the Senate voted to confirm Marcus to serve as Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights by a vote of 50-46.

A vote for this nominee is designated by a -. Second Session Roll Call #118, June 7, 2018.

CIVIL RIGHTS

Confirmation of Neil Gorsuch to the U.S. Supreme Court

Following the February 2016 passing of Associate Justice Antonin Scalia, President Barack Obama nominated Judge Merrick Garland to fill Justice Scalia's seat on the U.S. Supreme Court. Article II of the U.S. Constitution requires the president to nominate justices to the U.S. Supreme Court, subject to the advice and consent of the U.S. Senate. Despite the prompt action by the Administration, the Senate failed to hold a hearing on the nominee and held the Supreme Court vacancy open through the end of President Obama's tenure. On January 31, 2017, Judge Neil Gorsuch was nominated by President Trump to fill the vacant position of Associate Justice on the Supreme Court.

AAUW believes that, as with all nominations, a full and fair vetting process is vital to determine a nominee's qualifications and temperament. The Supreme Court plays a critical role in our nation's system of checks and balances. It is the final stop for many of the most important legal challenges our country faces. After careful consideration of Judge Gorsuch's record and testimony in front of the Senate Judiciary Committee, AAUW opposed his nomination because, as a judge, he denied women who were sexually harassed in the workplace their days in court; he sided with corporations who wish to use religious beliefs to discriminate against women; and he supported executive power exercised in pursuit of denying funding to Planned Parenthood. 11 His decisions and answers to questions during his hearing provided little reassurance that he would uphold fundamental civil rights for all.

The Gorsuch nomination was sent to the full Senate in late April, where he was confirmed with a 54-45 vote.

A vote for this nominee is designated by a -. First Session Roll Call #111, April 7, 2017.

¹⁰ AAUW, "AAUW Letter Urging Senators to Oppose the Confirmation of Kenneth Marcus to Be Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights at the U.S. Department of Education," April 18, 2018, https://www.aauw. org/files/2018/04/Marcus-Letter2-NSA.pdf.

¹¹ AAUW, "AAUW Letter to Senate Urging Opposition to Confirmation of Neil Gorsuch to U.S. Supreme Court," March 29, 2017, https://www. aauw.org/files/2017/01/AAUW-Gorsuch-Oppose-Letter-nsa.pdf.

Resolution on Compliance with Title X Family Planning Requirements (H.J. Res. 43)

Since 1970, the Title X family planning program has provided access to health care for millions of lowincome individuals, young people, and LGBTQ people, as well as people living in rural and medically underserved areas, across the country. Today, more than 4 million Americans rely on affordable family planning services, including well-woman exams, lifesaving cervical and breast cancer screenings, contraception education, and birth control, that are funded by Title X. AAUW's public policy priorities support women's access to health care, including the full range of reproductive care.

In February 2017, the Senate debated an AAUWopposed, House-passed resolution that overturned a U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) rule updating the regulations governing the Title X family planning program.¹² The rule reinforced the longstanding requirement that health care providers may not be excluded from the Title X family planning program for reasons unrelated to their qualifications to perform Title X-funded services. The rule sought to reverse state provisions which had the effect of barring some providers, such as Planned Parenthood, from the Title X program and limiting health care access for individuals. The resolution overturned this rule, which in turn has wide-ranging consequences for public health. This resolution emboldens states to attempt to block women from getting birth control and other preventative care at qualified family providers.

Unfortunately, the Senate's attempt to undermine the Title X family planning program by passing the Housepassed resolution was successful (51-50) and signed into law by the President.

A vote for this resolution is designated by a -. First Session Roll Call #101, March 30, 2017.

^{12 &}quot;Letter to Congressional Leadership Opposing H.J. Resolution 43 and S.J. Resolution 13 to Overturn HHS Rule Updating Regulations Around Title X Family Planning Program," February 14, 2017, https:// www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/Sign-On-LetterOpposeH.J.Res_.43S.J.R es_.13-FINAL-nsa.pdf.

VOTE DESCRIPTIONS



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Paycheck Fairness Act (H.R. 1869) (Cosponsorship)

The Paycheck Fairness Act was introduced in the House by Rep. Rosa DeLauro (D-CT) on April 4, 2017. The AAUW-supported Paycheck Fairness Act (H.R. 1869), which is a companion to the Senate-introduced bill by the same name, would provide much needed updates to the Equal Pay Act of 1963 by strengthening penalties for equal pay violations; prohibiting retaliation against workers who inquire about employers' wage practices or disclose their wages; banning the use of prior salary history in setting future pay; requiring the EEOC to collect pay data; and providing incentives and technical assistance to help employers comply with the law.13

This bill would arm employees, employers, and the government with new tools to help close the wage gap. The Paycheck Fairness Act provides much-needed assistance to battle the pervasive pay gap that affects so many women and people of color, which is why we urged Representatives to cosponsor the bill.

Cosponsorship of this bill is designated by a +.

DeLauro/Frankel/Scott Amendment to the FY18 Commerce, Justice, Science Appropriations Bill (EEO-1) (H.Amdt. 383 to H.R. 3354)

AAUW is committed to equal pay and equal opportunity in the workplace. For decades, companies have used the Employer Information Report (EEO-1) to provide the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC)

with important employee demographic information, including sex, race, and ethnicity, by job category. In 2016, the EEO-1 form was updated to require private employers and federal contractors with more than 100 employees to report pay information in each job category by sex, race, and ethnicity beginning in March 2018. The data collection would provide a critical tool to better identify trends in pay disparities, improve enforcement of pay discrimination laws, and increase voluntary employer compliance.

In July 2017, the House Committee on Appropriations passed an amendment to the FY 2018 Commerce, Justice, Science (CJS) appropriations bill to defund efforts by the EEOC to use the EEO-1 form to collect information related to employees' earning and hours worked. During open debate of the FY 2018 CJS appropriations, a joint floor amendment was proposed by Reps. DeLauro, Frankel, and Scott. This AAUWsupported amendment would preserve the ability of the EEOC to use appropriated funds to collect information from employers related to employees' earnings and hours worked, as part of the EEOC's efforts to enforce protections against unlawful employment discrimination.14 Unfortunately, the amendment failed by a vote of 192-223, but the final Senate and Housepassed funding bill did not contain a prohibition on the pay data collection. Nonetheless, the Trump administration halted the collection.

A vote for this amendment is designated by a +. First Session Roll Call #495, September 13, 2017.

¹³ AAUW, "AAUW Letter to Congress Urging Cosponsorship and Passage of the Paycheck Fairness Act (S. 819/H.R. 1869)," June 7, 2018, https://www.aauw.org/files/2018/06/S819-HR1869-Letter-Urging-Cosponsorship-Passage-of-Paycheck-Fairness-Act-060718-nsa.pdf.

^{14 &}quot;Letter to Congress Supporting Amendment Preserving Funding for the EEO-1," September 7, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/ files/2017/01/HouseEEO-1amendment-nsa.pdf.

VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

American Health Care Act of 2017 (H.R. 1628)

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) is a comprehensive health care reform law enacted in March 2010. The ACA has greatly improved women's access to quality, affordable health care. Since the enactment of the ACA, millions of Americans, including 55 million women, have access to preventive services without cost sharing. 15 More women of reproductive age were also insured as a result of the ACA. The number of uninsured women ages 15 to 44 years old dropped during the first two full years of ACA implementation.¹⁶ The ACA has improved women's health and economic security. These positive changes underscore the need for a robust ACA, and AAUW urged members of Congress to oppose any efforts to gut or repeal the law.17

The American Health Care Act (AHCA) would undermine many of the advancements that have been the result of the ACA, while jeopardizing the health, well-being, and economic security of women. This bill would repeal portions of the Affordable Care Act (ACA), defund Planned Parenthood health centers, and limit access to health care for millions of women. AAUW urged Representatives to oppose this bill. 18 This bill passed by a narrow vote of 217 - 213 and was sent to the Senate where it was amended, but later rejected.

A vote for this bill is designated by a -. First Session Roll Call #256, May 4, 2017.

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (H.R. 1)

In fall 2017, the majority in Congress, with the support of the Trump administration, spearheaded legislative efforts to overhaul the tax system. The ensuing legislation would cost \$1.5 trillion over ten years and benefit corporations and wealthy taxpayers.¹⁹ AAUW is dedicated to advancing the economic, social, and physical wellbeing of all women and families.²⁰ The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act does not address these critical needs.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act undermines the economic security of women and families by gutting the ACA, eliminating critical tax benefits for countless families, decimating state and local revenues, and undermining funding for programs that are essential to the well-being of individuals and communities across the United States, as well as to our country's economy. Simply put, this legislation disproportionately benefits wealthy Americans and corporations at the expense of middle- and lowerincome families.

AAUW urged Representatives to oppose the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which originated in the House and was later amended by the Senate. Unfortunately, the Senatepassed proposal was later approved by the House and signed into law by President Trump.

A vote for this bill is designated by a -. First Session Roll Call #699, December 20, 2017.

- 15 Assistant Secretary for Financial Resources (ASFR) Office of Budget (OB), "FY 2017 Budget in Brief - CMS - PHI," HHS.gov, February 12, 2016, https://www.hhs.gov/about/budget/fy2017/budget-in-brief/ cms/private-insurance-programs/index.html.
- 16 Guttmacher Institute, "Dramatic Gains in Insurance Coverage for Women of Reproductive Age Are Now in Jeopardy," January 17, 2018, https://www.guttmacher.org/article/2018/01/dramatic-gainsinsurance-coverage-women-reproductive-age-are-now-jeopardy.
- 17 AAUW, "AAUW Letter to House of Representatives Opposing Repeal of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) regardless of Replacement," March 2, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/FINAL.ACA-letter-nsa.pdf.
- 18 "Letter to the House Opposing the American Health Care Act," March 2, 2017, https://www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/AAUW-AHCA-Oppose-Letter-FINAL-nsa.pdf.
- 19 Chuck Marr, Brendan Duke, and Chye-Ching Huang, "New Tax Law Is Fundamentally Flawed and Will Require Basic Restructuring," Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, April 5, 2018, https://www. cbpp.org/research/federal-tax/new-tax-law-is-fundamentallyflawed-and-will-require-basic-restructuring.
- 20 AAUW, "AAUW Public Policy Priorities," June 2017, https://www. aauw.org/resource/principles-and-priorities/.



EDUCATION

DREAM Act of 2017 (H.R. 3440) (Cosponsorship)

On September 5, 2017, U.S. Attorney General Jeff Sessions announced the Administration's decision to rescind the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA), an Obama-era program, which allowed young undocumented individuals who came and grew up in the United States an opportunity to access higher education, work, and live legally without fear of deportation. The announcement came with the opportunity for those currently enrolled in the program, whose permits expired on March 5, 2018, to apply for renewal as long as they did so by October 5, 2017, a month after the initial announcement. With the announcement to rescind the DACA program, the Trump administration called on Congress to come up with an immediate replacement to address the situation of the young individuals whose lives currently hang in the balance.

The Dream Act of 2017 is a bipartisan bill that would offer a path to legal status to young individuals who entered the United States before the age of 18, passed important security checks, and met other criteria, including enrolling in college. This bill includes critical protections for DACA recipients who learned that their status expired in March 2018. Passing the Dream Act would ensure that all individuals can continue to legally access higher education and achieve the American dream. DACA recipients are an integral part of our communities and education system. It is time for Congress to take action to provide muchneeded relief and protection for DACA recipients.²¹

Cosponsorship of this bill is designated by a +.

CIVIL RIGHTS

Resolution on Compliance with Title X Family Planning Requirements (H.J. Res. 43)

Since 1970, the Title X family planning program has provided access to health care for millions of lowincome individuals, young people, and LGBTQ people, as well as to people in rural and medically underserved areas across the country. Today, more than 4 million Americans rely on affordable family planning services, including well-woman exams, lifesaving cervical and breast cancer screenings, contraception education, and birth control, that are funded by Title X. AAUW's public policy priorities support women's access to health care, including the full range of reproductive care.

In the 115th Congress, the House considered a resolution to overturn an Obama administration rule from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).²² The rule would have clarified and reinforced the longstanding requirement that health care providers may not be excluded from the program for reasons unrelated to their qualifications to perform Title X-funded service. Overturning the rule had the potential to allow states to bar high-quality providers, such as Planned Parenthood, from the Title X program, limiting access to necessary care for millions. Ultimately, this provision was approved by a vote of 230 – 188. After House passage of the resolution, the Senate considered and approved it and the President signed it into law.

A vote for this bill is designated by a -. First Session Roll Call #99, February 16, 2017.

²¹ AAUW, "AAUW Letter Urging Representatives to Pass a Clean Dream Act and Sign the Discharge Petition," September 21, 2017, https:// www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/HouseDreamActLetter-nsa.pdf.

^{22 &}quot;Letter to Congressional Leadership Opposing H.J. Resolution 43 and S.J. Resolution 13 to Overturn HHS Rule Updating Regulations Around Title X Family Planning Program," February 14, 2017, https:// www.aauw.org/files/2017/01/Sign-On-LetterOpposeH.J.Res_.43S.J.R es_.13-FINAL-nsa.pdf.

	Paycheck Fairness Act	McConnell Amdt. to the American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	DeVos Confirmation	Marcus Confirmation	Gorsuch Confirmation	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
ALABAMA								
Jones (D) ¹	+	I	1	I	+	I	1	100
Sessions (R) ¹	I	I	I	-	I	1	I	0
Shelby (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Strange (R) ¹	-	-	-	I	I	-	-	0
ALASKA								
Murkowski (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	43
Sullivan (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
ARIZONA								
Flake (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kyl (R) ²	I	1	1	I	I	I	I	N/A
McCain (R) ²	-	+		-		-	-	20
ARKANSAS								
Boozman (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Cotton (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
CALIFORNIA								
Feinstein (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Harris (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
COLORADO								
Bennet (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Gardner (R)	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	0
CONNECTICUT								
Blumenthal (D)	+	+	+	+		+	+	100
Murphy (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
DELAWARE								
Carper (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Coons (D)	+	+	+	+		+	+	100
FLORIDA								
Nelson (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Rubio (R)	_	-	_	-	-	-	<u>.</u>	0
GEORGIA								
Isakson (R)	-	-	-	-	-			0
Perdue (R)	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	0
HAWAII								
Hirono (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Schatz (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
IDAHO								100
Crapo (R)		-		-	-			0
Risch (R)	_	_	_	_	_	_		0
ILLINOIS								
Duckworth (D)	+	+	+	+		+	+	100
Durbin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
INDIANA	Т		T				T	100
Donnelly (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	86
Young (R)	Т	Т	T	Т	Т	-	т	0
1 Jeff Sessions (R-AL) w	vas appointed	Attornov Conors	l on Fobruary	0 2017 Luthor St	rango (P. Al.) was s	appointed on Fohr	Jan (0. 2017 [

^{1.} Jeff Sessions (R-AL) was appointed Attorney General on February 9, 2017. Luther Strange (R-AL) was appointed on February 9, 2017. Doug Jones (D-AL) was elected in a special election and sworn in on January 3, 2018.

^{2.} John McCain (R-AZ) passed away on August 25, 2018. Jon Kyl (R-AZ) was appointed on September 4, 2018 to serve until a special election in November 2020.

SENATE

	Paycheck Fairness Act	McConnell Amdt. to the American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	DeVos Confirmation	Marcus Confirmation	Gorsuch Confirmation	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
IOWA								
Ernst (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Grassley (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
KANSAS								
Moran (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Roberts (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
KENTUCKY								
McConnell (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Paul (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
LOUISIANA								
Cassidy (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kennedy (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
MAINE								
Collins (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	43
King (I)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	86
MARYLAND								
Cardin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Van Hollen (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
MASSACHUSETTS								
Markey (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Warren (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
MICHIGAN	,							
Peters (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Stabenow (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
MINNESOTA			,					100
Franken (D) ³	+	+	+	+	- 1	+	+	100
Klobuchar (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Smith (D) ³	+	1	ı	i	+	i	i	100
MISSISSIPPI			,		,		,	100
Cochran (R) ⁴	-				- 1		-	0
Hyde-Smith (R) ⁴	_	Ī	ı	- -		i i	- I	0
Wicker (R)	-		-	-	_		-	0
MISSOURI								U
Blunt (R)								0
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
McCaskill (D) MONTANA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
								2
Daines (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Tester (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEBRASKA								^
Fischer (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	0
Sasse (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-		0
NEVADA (D)								120
Cortez Masto (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Heller (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0

^{3.} Al Franken (D-MN) resigned on January 3, 2018. Tina Smith (D-MN) was appointed on January 3, 2018 to serve until a special election in November 2018.

^{4.} Thad Cochran (R-MS) resigned on April 1, 2018. Cindy Hyde-Smith (R-MS) was appointed on April 9, 2018 to serve until a special election in November 2018.

SENATE

	Paycheck Fairness Act	McConnell Amdt. to the American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	DeVos Confirmation	Marcus Confirmation	Gorsuch Confirmation	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
NEW HAMPSHIRE								
Hassan (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Shaheen (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEW JERSEY								
Booker (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Menendez (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEW MEXICO								
Heinrich (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Udall (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEW YORK								
Gillibrand (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Schumer (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NORTH CAROLINA								
Burr (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Tillis (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
NORTH DAKOTA								
Heitkamp (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	86
Hoeven (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
OHIO								
Brown (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Portman (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
OKLAHOMA								
Inhofe (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lankford (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
OREGON								
Merkley (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Wyden (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
PENNSYLVANIA								
Casey (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Toomey (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
RHODE ISLAND								
Reed (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Whitehouse (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
SOUTH CAROLINA								
Graham (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Scott (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
SOUTH DAKOTA								
Rounds (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Thune (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
TENNESSEE								
Alexander (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Corker (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
TEXAS								
Cornyn (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Cruz (R)	_	_		_	_	_	_	0
CIUZ (II)	_				_			U



SENATE

VOTING CHARTS

	Paycheck Fairness Act	McConnell Amdt. to the American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	DeVos Confirmation	Marcus Confirmation	Gorsuch Confirmation	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
UTAH								
Hatch (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lee (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
VERMONT								
Leahy (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Sanders (I)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
VIRGINIA								
Kaine (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Warner (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
WASHINGTON								
Cantwell (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Murray (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
WEST VIRGINIA								
Capito (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Manchin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	86
WISCONSIN								
Baldwin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Johnson (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
WYOMING								
Barrasso (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Enzi (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0



	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
ALABAMA							
Aderholt (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Brooks (R-5)	-	-	-		-	-	0
Byrne (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Palmer (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Roby (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Rogers (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Sewell (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
ALASKA							
Young (R-AK)	-		-	-	-	-	0
AMERICAN SAMOA							
Amata (R-AS)	-	I	I	I	-	I	0
ARIZONA							
Biggs (R-5)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Franks (R-8) ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Gallego (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Gosar (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Grijalva (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lesko (R-8) ¹	-	I	I	I	-	I	0
McSally (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
O'Halleran (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Schweikert (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Sinema (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
ARKANSAS							
Crawford (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Hill (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Westerman (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Womack (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
CALIFORNIA							
Aguilar (D-31)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Barragan (D-44)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Bass (D-37)	+	+	+	+	+		100
Becerra (D-34) ²	1	I	1	1	1	I	N/A
Bera (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Brownley (D-26)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Calvert (R-42)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Carbajal (D-24)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Cardenas (D-29)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Chu (D-27)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Cook (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Correa (D-46)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Costa (D-16)	+		+	+	+	+	100
Davis (D-53)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Denham (R-10)	-	-	-	-	+	-	17
DeSaulnier (D-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Eshoo (D-18)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Garamendi (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Gomez (D-34) ²	+	+	I	+	+	I	100
45 - 1							

^{1.} Rep. Trent Franks resigned on December 8, 2017. Rep. Debbie Lesko was sworn in to fill the seat on May 7, 2018.

^{2.} Rep. Xavier Becerra resigned on January 24, 2017. Rep. Jimmy Gomez was sworn in to fill the seat on July 11, 2017.

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
CALIFORNIA							
Huffman (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Hunter (R-50)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Issa (R-49)	-	-	-	+	-	-	17
Khanna (D-17)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Knight (R-25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
LaMalfa (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lee (D-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lieu (D-33)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lofgren (D-19)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lowenthal (D-47)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Matsui (D-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
McCarthy (R-23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
McClintock (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
McNerney (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Napolitano (D-32)	+	+	+		+	+	100
Nunes (R-22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Panetta (D-20)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Pelosi (D-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Peters (D-52)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Rohrabacher (R-48)	-	-	-	+	-	-	17
Roybal-Allard (D-40)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Royce (R-39)	-	-	-	-	_	-	0
Ruiz (D-36)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Sanchez (D-38)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Schiff (D-28)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Sherman (D-30)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Speier (D-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Swalwell (D-15)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Takano (D-41)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Thompson (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Torres (D-35)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Valadao (R-21)	-	-	-	-	+	-	17
Vargas (D-51)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Walters (R-45)	-	-	-	-	_	-	0
Waters (D-43)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
COLORADO							
Buck (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Coffman (R-6)	-	-	+	-	+	-	33
DeGette (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lamborn (R-5)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Perlmutter (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Polis (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Tipton (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
CONNECTICUT							
Courtney (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
DeLauro (D-3)	+	•	+	+	+	+	100
Esty (D-5)	+	_	+	+	+	+	100
Himes (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
							100
Larson (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
DELAWARE							
Blunt Rochester (D-DE)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
DISTRICT OF COLU	MBIA						
Norton (D-DC)	+	I	I	I	+	I	100
FLORIDA							
Bilirakis (R-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Buchanan (R-16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Castor (D-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Crist (D-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Curbelo (R-26)	-	-	-	-	+		20
Demings (D-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
DeSantis (R-6)	-	-	_	-	-	-	0
Deutch (D-22)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Diaz-Balart (R-25)	-	•	-	-	-	-	0
Dunn (R-2)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Frankel (D-21)	+		+	+	+	+	100
Gaetz (R-1)	-	-	_	-	-	-	0
Hastings (D-20)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lawson (D-5)	+	т	+	+	+	+	100
Mast (R-18)	т	_	т		т -	-	0
Murphy (D-7)	+	-	-		-		100
· · ·	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Posey (R-8)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Rooney, F. (R-19)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Rooney, T. (R-17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Ros-Lehtinen (R-27)	-		+	-	+	-	40
Ross (R-15)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Rutherford (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Soto (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Wasserman Schultz (D-23)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Webster (R-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Wilson (D-24)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Yoho (R-3)	-	•	-	-	-	-	0
GEORGIA							
Allen (R-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Bishop (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+		100
Carter (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Collins (R-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Ferguson (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Graves (R-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Handel (R-6) ³	-	-	I	-	-	I	0
Hice (R-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Johnson (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lewis (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Loudermilk (R-11)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Price (R-6) ³	I	I	I	I	1	I	N/A
Scott, A. (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Scott, D. (D-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Woodall (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
3. Rep. Tom Price resign	ned on February	10, 2017. Rep. Karen Hand	el was sworn in to fil	l the seat on June	e 26, 2017.		

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
GUAM							
Bordallo (D-GU)	+	I	I	1	+	1	100
HAWAII							
Gabbard (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Hanabusa (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
IDAHO							
Labrador (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Simpson (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
ILLINOIS							
Bost (R-12)	-	+	-	-	-	-	17
Bustos (D-17)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Davis, D. (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Davis, R. (R-13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Foster (D-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Gutierrez (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Hultgren (R-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kelly (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Kinzinger (R-16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Krishnamoorthi							
(D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
LaHood (R-18)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lipinski (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	-	83
Quigley (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Roskam (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Rush (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+		100
Schakowsky (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Schneider (D-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Shimkus (R-15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
INDIANA							
Banks (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Brooks (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Bucshon (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Carson (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Hollingsworth (R-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Messer (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Rokita (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Visclosky (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Walorski (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
IOWA							
Blum (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
King (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Loebsack (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Young (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
KANSAS							
Estes (R-4) ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	I	0
Jenkins (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Marshall (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Pompeo (R-4) ⁴	I	I	I	I	I	I	N/A
Yoder (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
	esigned on Janu	ary 23, 2017. Rep. Ron Este	s was sworn in to fill	the seat on April	25, 2017.		

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
KENTUCKY							
Barr (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Comer (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Guthrie (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Massie (R-4)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Rogers (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Yarmuth (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
LOUISIANA							
Abraham (R-5)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Graves (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Higgins (R-3)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Johnson (R-4)	-	_	_	_	_	_	0
Richmond (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+		100
Scalise (R-1)		<u>'</u>	_	_		_	0
MAINE							- U
Pingree (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Poliquin (R-2)	- T	т	- T			- T	0
	-	•	•	-	-	-	U
MARYLAND							100
Brown (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Cummings (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Delaney (D-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Harris (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Hoyer (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Raskin (D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Ruppersberger (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Sarbanes (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
MASSACHUSETTS							
Capuano (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Clark (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Keating (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Kennedy (D-4)	+	+	+		+	+	100
Lynch (D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
McGovern (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Moulton (D-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Neal (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Tsongas (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
MICHIGAN							
Amash (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Bergman (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Bishop (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Conyers (D-13) ⁵	+	+	+	I	+	+	100
Dingell (D-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Huizenga (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kildee (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lawrence (D-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Levin (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Mitchell (R-10)	_	-	-	-	-	-	0
Moolenaar (R-4)	_		-	-		-	0
Trott (R-11)	_		-	-			0
Upton (R-6)	_	_	_	_	_	-	0
Walberg (R-7)	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	-	0
_	esigned from the	e House on December 5, 2	017	_			J
J. Nep. John Conyers re	Jagneu Horri the	. House on December 3, 2	O1/.				

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
MINNESOTA							
Ellison (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Emmer (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lewis (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
McCollum (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Nolan (D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Paulsen (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Peterson (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	-	83
Walz (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
MISSISSIPPI							
Harper (R-3)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Kelly (R-1)	_		_	_	_	-	0
Palazzo (R-4)	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
Thompson (D-2)	+	+	+		+	+	100
MISSOURI	-	,	т		т		100
Clay (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Clay (D-1) Cleaver (D-5)							100
Graves (R-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	
` '	-		-	-	-	-	0
Hartzler (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Long (R-7)	-	•	-	-	-	-	0
Luetkemeyer (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Smith (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Wagner (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
MONTANA							
Gianforte (R-MT) ⁶	-	-	I	-	-	I	0
Zinke (R-MT) ⁶	I	I	I	I	I		N/A
NEBRASKA							
Bacon (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Fortenberry (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Smith (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
NEVADA							
Amodei (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-		0
Kihuen (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Rosen (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Titus (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEW HAMPSHIRE							
Kuster (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Shea-Porter (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEW JERSEY							
Frelinghuysen (R-11)	-	-	-	+	-	-	17
Gottheimer (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lance (R-7)	-	-	+	+	-	-	33
LoBiondo (R-2)	-	-	+	+	-	-	33
MacArthur (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Norcross (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Pallone (D-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Pascrell (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Payne (D-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
		+ , 2017. Rep. Greg Gianforte					100
o. kep. kyan zinke resig	ined on March 1	, 2017. Rep. Greg Gianforte	was sworn in to fill t	ne vacant seat of	1 June 21, 201/	•	

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
NEW JERSEY							
Sires (D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Smith (R-4)	+	-	+	+	-	-	50
Watson Coleman (D-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
NEW MEXICO							
Lujan (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Lujan Grisham (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Pearce (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
NEW YORK							
Clarke (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Collins (R-27)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Crowley (D-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Donovan (R-11)	-	-	+	+	-	-	33
Engel (D-16)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Espaillat (D-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Faso (R-19)	-	•	-	+	_	+	33
Higgins (D-26)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Jeffries (D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Katko (R-24)	-	<u>'</u>	+	-	_	-	17
King (R-2)	_	<u>.</u>	-	+	_	_	17
Lowey (D-17)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Maloney, C. (D-12)							100
	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Maloney, S. (D-18)	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Meeks (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Meng (D-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Nadler (D-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Reed (R-23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Rice (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Serrano (D-15)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Slaughter (D-25) ⁷	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Stefanik (R-21)	-	-	-	+	-	-	17
Suozzi (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Tenney (R-22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Tonko (D-20)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Velazquez (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Zeldin (R-1)	-	•	-	+	•	-	17
NORTH CAROLINA							
Adams (D-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Budd (R-13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Butterfield (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+		100
Foxx (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Holding (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Hudson (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Jones (R-3)	-	-	+	+	-	-	33
McHenry (R-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Meadows (R-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Pittenger (R-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Price (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Rouzer (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Walker (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
7. Rep. Louise Slaughter pa	issed away on M	arch 16, 2018.					

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
NORTH DAKOTA							
Cramer (R-ND)	-	-	-	-	-		0
NORTHERN MARIAN	NA ISLANDS						
Sablan (D-MP)	+	I	I	I	+	I	100
ОНЮ							
Balderson (R-12)8	-	I	I	I	-	I	0
Beatty (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Chabot (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Davidson (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Fudge (D-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Gibbs (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Johnson (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Jordan (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Joyce (R-14)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Kaptur (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Latta (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Renacci (R-16)	-	-	-		-	-	0
Ryan (D-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Stivers (R-15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Tiberi (R-12)8	-		-	-	-	-	0
Turner (R-10)	-	+	+	-	-	-	33
Wenstrup (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
OKLAHOMA							
Bridenstine (R-1)9	-		-	-	-	-	0
Cole (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lucas (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Mullin (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Russell (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
OREGON							
Blumenauer (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Bonamici (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
DeFazio (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Schrader (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Walden (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
0.0 0.11.77		45 0040 D T D I I		CILL 11		1 0010	

^{8.} Rep. Patrick Tiberi resigned on January 15, 2018. Rep. Troy Balderson was sworn in to fill the vacant seat on September 4, 2018.

^{9.} Rep. Jim Bridenstine resigned from the House on April 23, 2018.

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
PENNSYLVANIA							
Barletta (R-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Boyle (D-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Brady (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Cartwright (D-17)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Costello (R-6)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Dent (R-15)10	-	-	+	-	-	+	33
Doyle (D-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Evans (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Fitzpatrick (R-8)	-	+	+	-	-	-	33
Kelly (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Lamb (D-18) ¹¹	+	I	1	1	-	I	50
Marino (R-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Meehan (R-7)12	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Murphy (R-18) ¹¹	-	-	-	ı	-	-	0
Perry (R-4)	_	-	-	-	-	-	0
Rothfus (R-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Shuster (R-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Smucker (R-16)	_		-	-	-	-	0
Thompson (R-5)	_	_	_	-	-	-	0
PUERTO RICO							
Gonzalez-Colon							
(R-PR)	-	I	I	I	-	I	0
RHODE ISLAND							
Cicilline (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Langevin (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
SOUTH CAROLINA							
Clyburn (D-6)	+		+	+	+	+	100
Duncan (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Gowdy (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Mulvaney (R-5) ¹³	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	N/A
Norman (R-SC-5) ¹³	_	-	I	-	-	İ	0
Rice (R-7)	_	-	-	-	-	-	0
Sanford (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Wilson (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
SOUTH DAKOTA							
Noem (R-SD)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
TENNESSEE							
Black (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Blackburn (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Cohen (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Cooper (D-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
DesJarlais (R-4)	-		-		_		0
Duncan (R-2)	_	_	_				0
Fleischmann (R-3)		•		•		•	0
			-		-		
Kustoff (R-8)	-	•	-	•	•	•	0
Roe (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0

^{10.} Rep. Charles Dent resigned from the House on May 12, 2018.

^{11.} Rep. Tim Murphy resigned on October 21, 2017. Rep. Conor Lamb was sworn in to fill the vacant seat on April 12, 2018.

^{12.} Rep. Patrick Meehan resigned from the House on April 27, 2018.

^{13.} Rep. Mick Mulvaney resigned on February 16, 2017. Rep. Ralph Norman was sworn in to fill the vacant seat on June 26, 2017.

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)	
TEXAS								
Arrington (R-19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Babin (R-36)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Barton (R-6)	-	-	-	-	+		20	
Brady (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Burgess (R-26)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Carter (R-31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Castro (D-20)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Cloud (R-27)14	-	I	1	1	-	I	0	
Conaway (R-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Cuellar (D-28)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Culberson (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Doggett (D-35)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Farenthold (R-27) ¹⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Flores (R-17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Gohmert (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Gonzalez (D-15)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Granger (R-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Green, A. (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Green, G. (D-29)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Hensarling (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Hurd (R-23)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17	
Jackson Lee (D-18)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Johnson, E. (D-30)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Johnson, S. (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Marchant (R-24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
McCaul (R-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Olson (R-22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
O'Rourke (D-16)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Poe (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Ratcliffe (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Sessions (R-32)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Smith (R-21)	-	-	-		-	-	0	
Thornberry (R-13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Veasey (D-33)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Vela (D-34)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
Weber (R-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Williams (R-25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
UTAH								
Bishop (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Chaffetz (R-3) ¹⁵	-	I	-	1	1	-	0	
Curtis (R-3) ¹⁵	-	I	I	-	-	I	0	
Love (R-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Stewart (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-		0	
VERMONT								
Welch (D-VT)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
VIRGIN ISLANDS								
Plaskett (D-VI)	+	I	1	I	+	I	100	
14 Rep. Blake Farenthold resigned on April 6, 2018, Rep. Michael Cloud was sworn in to fill the vacant seat on July 10, 2018								

^{14.} Rep. Blake Farenthold resigned on April 6, 2018. Rep. Michael Cloud was sworn in to fill the vacant seat on July 10, 2018.

^{15.} Rep. Jason Chaffetz resigned on June 30, 2017. Rep. John Curtis was sworn in to fill the vacant seat on November 13, 2017.

	Paycheck Fairness Act	Scott Amdt. to FY18 CJS Approps (EEO-1)	American Health Care Act	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Dream Act of 2017	Title X Family Planning	Score (%)
VIRGINIA							
Beyer (D-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Brat (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Comstock (R-10)	-		+	-	-	-	20
Connolly (D-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Garrett (R-5)	-		-	-	-	-	0
Goodlatte (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Griffith (R-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
McEachin (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Scott (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Taylor (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Wittman (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
WASHINGTON							
DelBene (D-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Heck (D-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Herrera Beutler (R-3)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Jayapal (D-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Kilmer (D-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Larsen (D-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
McMorris Rodgers (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Newhouse (R-4)	-	-		-	-	-	0
Reichert (R-8)	-	-	+	-	-	-	17
Smith (D-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
WEST VIRGINIA							
Jenkins (R-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
McKinley (R-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Mooney (R-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
WISCONSIN							
Duffy (R-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Gallagher (R-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Grothman (R-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kind (D-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Moore (D-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
Pocan (D-2)	+	+	+		+	+	100
Ryan (R-1)	-		-	-	-		0
Sensenbrenner (R-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
WYOMING							
Cheney (R-WY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0





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